1. HEMP RETAIL LICENSE – Retailers must have a license or have applied for a license.

1. A license can be obtained using the following link: https://www.agr.georgia.gov/hemp-retail-consumable-hemp-licenses

2. SIGNAGE - Ensure that the following signage is in all capital letters, with a font size of no less than one-half inch, and that it is displayed in a location that is easily visible to customers. CHAPTER 23 Hemp Farming

- SALE OF CONSUMABLE HEMP PRODUCTS TO INDIVIDUALS UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE IS PROHIBITED BY LAW.

3. PRODUCT PACKAGING MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS Hemp Retail Consumable Hemp Licenses | Georgia Department of Agriculture

1. CHILD PROOF AND TAMPER RESISTANT.

2. WARNING STICKER OF THE UNIVERSAL SYMBOL – ALL HEMP PRODUCTS. Confirm the universal symbol warning potential consumers that the product contains THC is on all hemp products.

1. The universal symbol must be at least one-half inch in height.

4. CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS (COA) – ALL HEMP PRODUCTS. Confirm the Lab used to conduct the COA is registered with state of Georgia and that the COA is on all hemp products; usually found in the QR on the label. While a direct link to the COA is not required, it should be available on the product's website.

1. Currently, there are 11 Labs approved by the state of Georgia. All Hemp products must have a COA from one of the following labs: Hemp Sampling | Georgia Department of Agriculture

1. ACS Labs —

2. Anresco Labs

3. Arcanna Analytics

4. Delta 9 Analytical

5. Eurofins food chemistry testing

6. Harrens Lab Inc

7. KCA Labs

8. New Bloom Labs

9. Pharmacy LLC

10. SJ Labs and Analytics

11. Trichome Analytical

2. The Full Panel Certificate of Analysis must verify at least the following: GA R&R - GAC - Subject 40-32-5 CONSUMABLE HEMP PRODUCTS

1. Total delta-9-THC concentration, (CBD), (CBD-A), (CBG), (CBG-A), (CBN), (D8-THC), delta-9(11) (Exo-THC), (D10-THC), THC-O acetate (THC-OA), (THC-O), and (HHC).

2. HEAVY METALS, MICROBIALS, MYCOTOXINS, RESIDUAL SOLVENTS, AND PESTICIDES

5. GUMMIES – All consumable hemp product in the form of a gummy: GA R&R - GAC - Subject 40-32-5 CONSUMABLE HEMP PRODUCTS

1. Does not contain more than 10 milligrams of total delta-9-THC per gummy.

2. Does not exceed 300 milligrams of total delta-9-THC per package.

6. BEVERAGES – All consumable hemp products in the form of a beverage: GA R&R - GAC - Subject 40-32-5 CONSUMABLE HEMP PRODUCTS

1. Does not contain more than 10 milligrams of total delta-9-THC per 12 fluid ounces, no more than 0.83 mg for every 1 oz or 4.16 mg in a 5oz shot.

2. Does not exceed 12 fluid ounces per container.

7. Topical and Tincture Rules GA R&R - GAC - Subject 40-32-5 CONSUMABLE HEMP PRODUCTS

1. Topicals must contain no more than 1,000 mg of D9THC per package.

2. Tinctures must not exceed a ratio of 2 mg of D9THC per 1 ml.

3. Each container of tincture must not exceed 60 ml.

8. Vaping and Pre-Rolls- If you look at the definitions on https://rules.sos.ga.gov/gac/40-32-1-.02 Line 51 provides the legal limit. Although there is nothing that explicitly states that pre rolls are legal, it has been determined by our legal team that they are allowed because they are considered processed as defined on Line 64. Raw flower is not allowed because the rules specifically prohibit that form of hemp. Additionally, it is important to note that pre-rolls must comply with the same packaging, labeling, and testing requirements as all other hemp products. They cannot be processed in-store without the appropriate licensing. Specifically, a retailer with a retail license cannot order raw flower and then grind and roll it in-house.

1. Total THC over .3 is not allowed in vapes or pre-rolls.

9. Prohibited Forms of Consumable Hemp Products. The following products shall not be sold, offered for sale, or otherwise distributed as consumable hemp products in Georgia GA R&R - GAC - Subject 40-32-5 CONSUMABLE HEMP PRODUCTS

1. The flower or leaves of the Cannabis sativa L. plant, regardless of the total delta-9-THC concentration in such flower or leaves (processed allowed, ie Pre-rolls)

2. Hemp Products that contain alcohol or constitute an alcoholic beverage

3. Marijuana products or low THC oil products;

4. Food products, including, but not limited to, dairy, meat, and seafood products

5. Any hemp product containing a non-cannabinoid additive that would increase potency, toxicity, or addictive potential, or that would create an unsafe combination with other psychoactive substances including, but not limited to, nicotine, melatonin, caffeine, etc.

6. Delta 9 THC and THCa that exceeds the legal limit of 0.3%

Please let me know if you have any additional questions.